Vocabulary Cards and Word Walls

Revised: June 29, 2011

Important Notes for Teachers:

- The vocabulary cards in this file match the Common Core, the math curriculum adopted by the Utah State Board of Education, August 2010.
- The cards are arranged alphabetically.
- Each card has three sections.
 - Section 1 is only the word. This is to be used as a visual aid in spelling and pronunciation. It is also used when students are writing their own "kid-friendly" definition and drawing their own graphic.
 - Section 2 has the word and a graphic. This graphic is available to be used as a model by the teacher.
 - Section 3 has the word, a graphic, and a definition. This is to be used for the Word Wall in the classroom. For more information on using a Word Wall for Daily Review – see "Vocabulary – Word Wall Ideas" on this website.
- These cards are designed to help all students with math content vocabulary, including ELL, Gifted and Talented, Special Education, and Regular Education students.

For possible additions or corrections to the vocabulary cards, please contact the Granite School District Math Department at 385-646-4239.

Bibliography of Definition Sources:

Algebra to Go, Great Source, 2000. ISBN 0-669-46151-8

Math on Call, Great Source, 2004. ISBN-13: 978-0-669-50819-2

Math at Hand, Great Source, 1999. ISBN 0-669-46922

Math to Know, Great Source, 2000. ISBN 0-669-47153-4

Illustrated Dictionary of Math, Usborne Publishing Ltd., 2003. ISBN 0-7945-0662-3

<u>Math Dictionary</u>, Eula Ewing Monroe, Boyds Mills Press, 2006. ISBN-13: 978-1-59078-413-6 Student Reference Books, Everyday Mathematics, 2007.

Houghton-Mifflin eGlossary, http://www.eduplace.com

Interactive Math Dictionary, http://www.amathsdictionaryforkids.com/

meter (m)

meter (m)



A baseball bat is about 1 meter long.

meter (m)

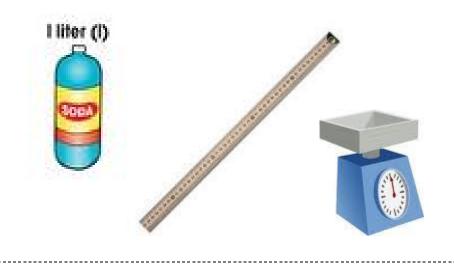


A standard unit of length in the metric system.

A baseball bat is about 1 meter long.

metric system

metric system



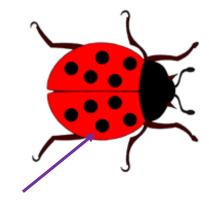
metric system



A system of measurement based on tens. The basic unit of capacity is the liter. The basic unit of length is the meter. The basic unit of mass is the gram.

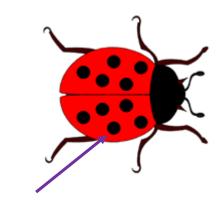
millimeter (mm)

millimeter (mm)



The dot on a ladybug is *about* 1 millimeter wide.

millimeter (mm)



The dot on the ladybug is *about* 1 millimeter wide.

A metric unit of length. 1,000 millimeters = 1 meter

minuend

minuend

$$43.2 - 27.9 = 15.3$$

<mark>minuend</mark>

minuend

$$43.2 - 27.9 = 15.3$$

In subtraction, the minuend is the number you subtract from.

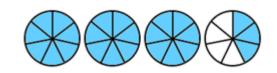
<mark>minuend</mark>

mixed number

mixed number

Example:

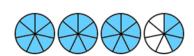
 $\frac{3}{7}$



mixed number

Example:





A number with an integer and a fraction part.

Multiplicative Identity Property of 1

Multiplicative Identity Property of 1



1 group of 3 = 31 x 3 = 3

Multiplicative Identity Property of 1

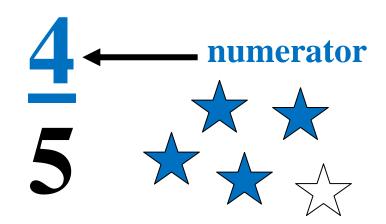


1 group of 3 = 31 x 3 = 3

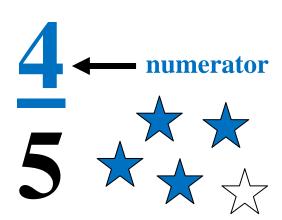
Multiplying a number by one gives a product identical to the given number. Also known as *Identity Property of Multiplication*.

numerator

numerator



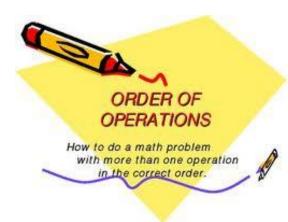
numerator

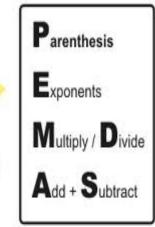


The number or expression written above the line in a fraction.

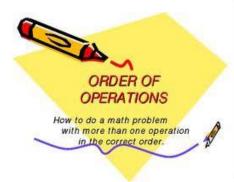
Order of Operations

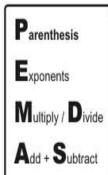
Order of Operations





Order of Operations

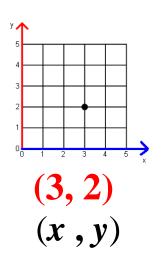




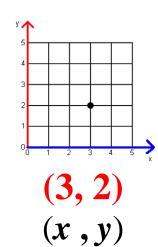
An order, agreed on by mathematicians, for performing operations to simplify expressions.

ordered pair

ordered pair



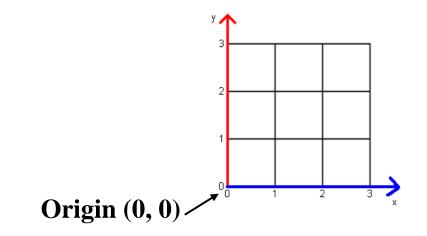
ordered pair



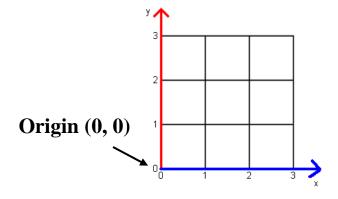
A pair of numbers that gives the coordinates of a point on a grid in this order (horizontal coordinate, vertical coordinate).

origin

origin



origin



The intersection of the *x*-and *y*-axes in a coordinate plane, described by the ordered pair (0, 0).

parentheses

parentheses

()

$$(2 + 3) \times 4$$
 5×4
 20

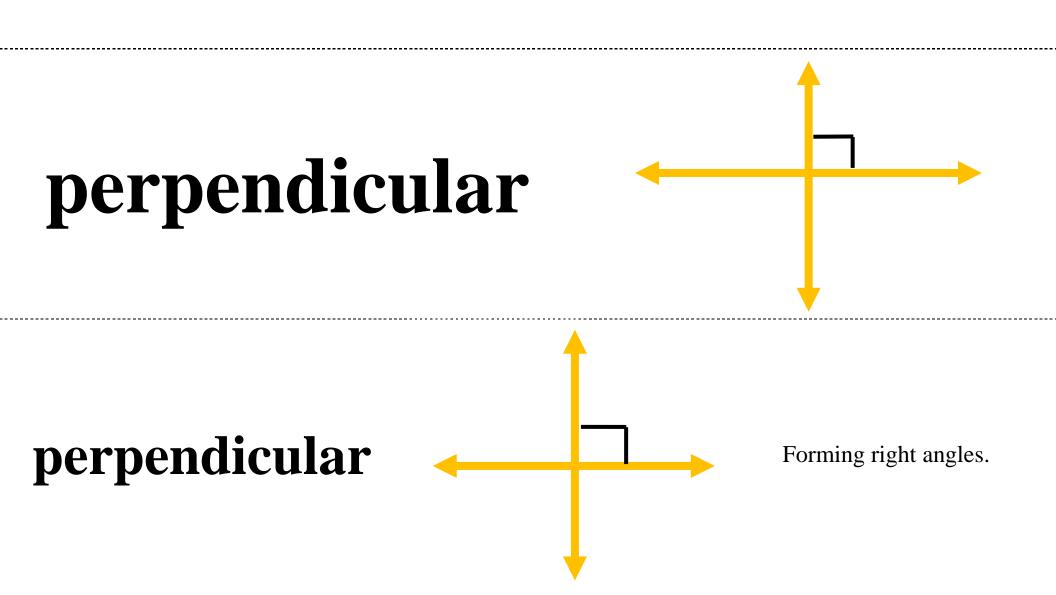
parentheses

()

$$(2+3) \times 4$$
 5×4

Used in mathematics as grouping symbols for operations. When simplifying an expression, the operations within the parentheses are performed first.

perpendicular



place value

place value

MILLIONS			THOUSANDS				ONES		
hundred millions	ten millions	millions	hundred thousands	ten thousands	thousands		hundreds	tens	or
7	4	5	, 3	0	9	,	2	8	·

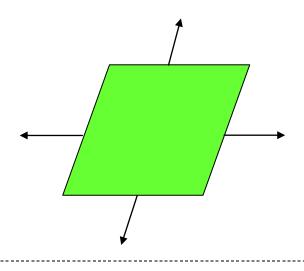
place value

MILLIONS			THOUSANDS			$\ $	ONES			
hundred millions	ten millions	millions	hundred thousands	ten thousands	thousands		hundreds	tens	ones	
7	4	5	, 3	0	9	,	2	8	1	

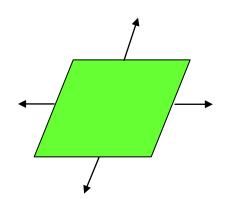
The value of the place of a digit in a number.

plane

plane



plane



A flat surface that extends infinitely in all directions.

powers of ten

powers of ten

10 000	=	10 ⁴
1 000	=	10 ³
100	=	10 ²
10	=	10 ¹
1	=	10 ⁰

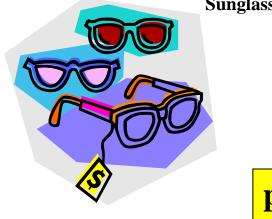
powers of ten

10 000	¥	10 ⁴
1 000	=	10 ³
100	=	10 ²
10	=	10 ¹
1	=	10 ⁰

Using a base number of 10 with an exponent. Our number system is based on the powers of 10.

product

product



Sunglasses are \$9.95 a pair.

\$ 9.95

product

product



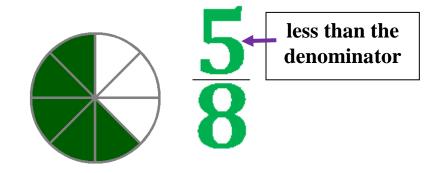
Sunglasses are \$9.95 a pair.

> \$ 9.95 product

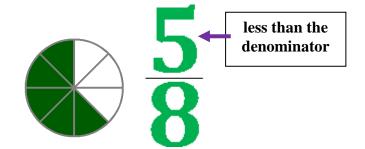
The result of multiplication.

proper fraction

proper fraction



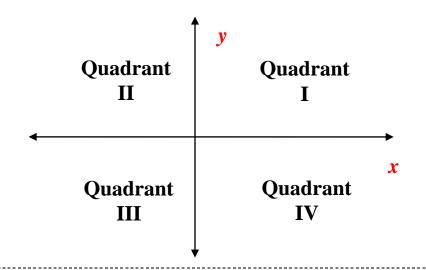
proper fraction



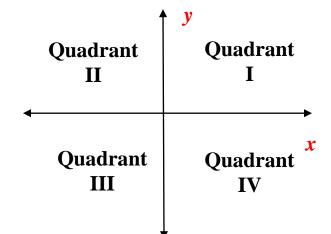
A fraction less than one. In a proper fraction the numerator is less than the denominator.

quadrants





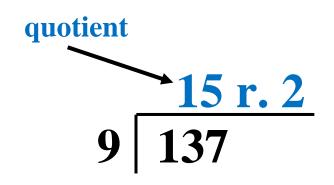
quadrants



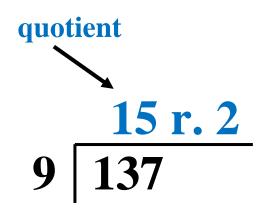
The four sections of a coordinate grid that are separated by the axes.

quotient

quotient



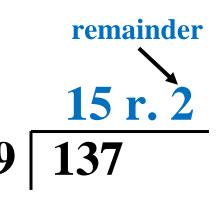
quotient



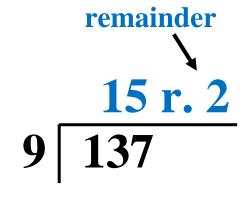
The result of the division of one quantity by another.

remainder

remainder



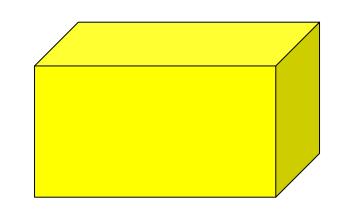
remainder



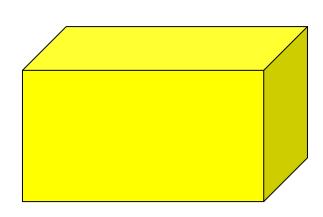
The number that is left over after a whole number is divided equally by another.

right rectangular prism

right rectangular prism



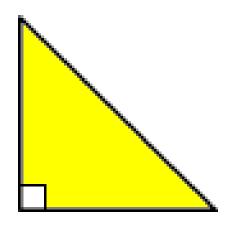
right rectangular prism



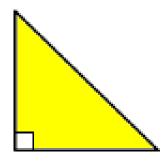
A prism with six rectangular faces where the lateral edge is perpendicular to the plane of the base.

right triangle

right triangle



right triangle



A triangle that has one 90° angle.

rounding

rounding

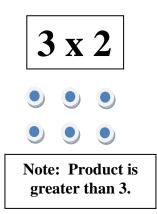
45.357 → **45.4**

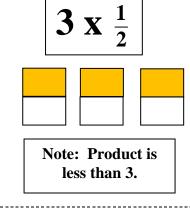
rounding 45.357 → 45.4

To strategy to find about how much or how many by expressing a number closest to ten, hundred, thousand, or tenth, hundredth, thousandth, etc.

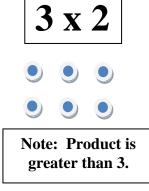
scaling

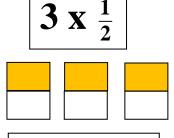
scaling





scaling





Note: Product is less than 3.

To increase or decrease proportionately in size.

sequence

sequence

2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17...

What is the pattern?

sequence

2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17...

What is the pattern?

A set of numbers arranged in a special order or pattern.

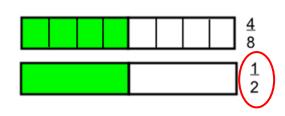
simplest form

simplest form



A fraction in simplest form has the fewest possible pieces.

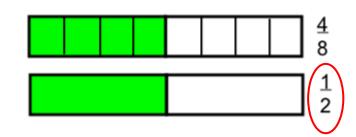
simplest form



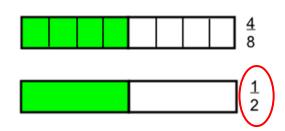
A fraction in simplest form has the fewest possible pieces. A fraction is in simplest form when the greatest common factor of the numerator and denominator is 1.

simplify

simplify



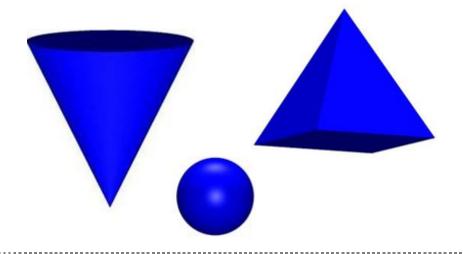
simplify



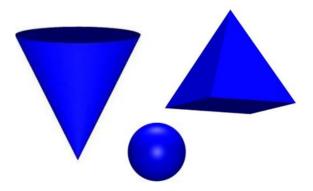
To express a fraction in simplest form.

solid figure

solid figure



solid figure



A geometric figure with 3 dimensions.

standard form

standard form

354,973

standard form

354,973

A number written with one digit for each place value.

subtrahend

subtrahend

subtrahend

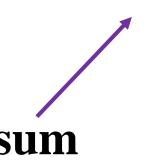
In subtraction, the subtrahend is the number being subtracted.

Sum

sum

$$45.3 + 92.9 = 138.2$$

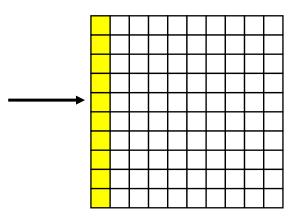
sum



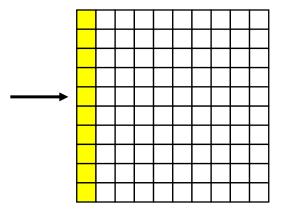
The result of addition.

tenth

tenth



tenth



One of the equal parts when a whole is divided into 10 equal parts.

tenths

tenths



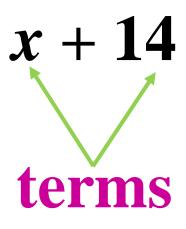
tenths



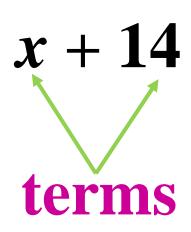
In the decimal numeration, tenths is the name of the place to the right of the decimal point.

term

term



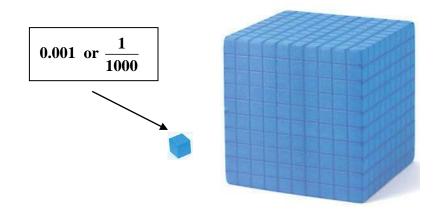
term



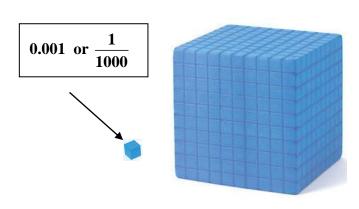
A number, variable, product, or quotient in an expression. A term is *not* a sum or difference.

thousandth

thousandth



thousandth



One of 1000 equal parts of a whole.

thousandths

thousandths

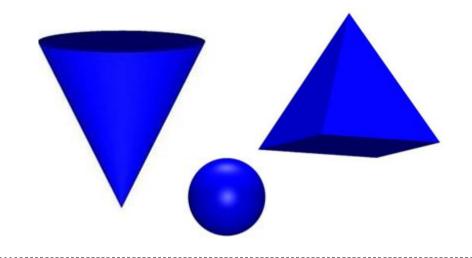
thousandths

0.276

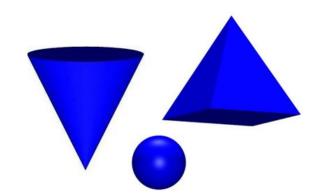
Thousandths is the name of the next place to the right of hundredths in the decimal numeration system.

three-dimensional figures

three-dimensional figures



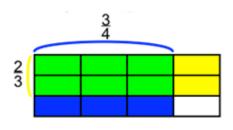
threedimensional figures



A geometric figure that has length, width, and height.

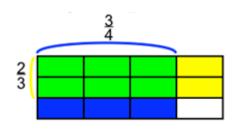
tiling

tiling



$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$

tiling



$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$

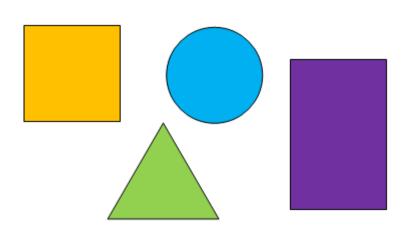
Repeated shapes that fill a plane. The shapes do not overlap and there are no gaps.

You can find the area of a rectangle with fractional lengths by tiling it with appropriate unit squares. The green area represents

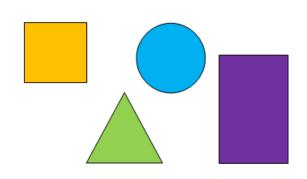
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$$

two-dimensional figures

two-dimensional figures



twodimensional figures



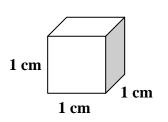
Having length and width. Having area, but not volume. Also called a plane figure.

unit cube

unit cube



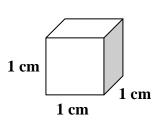
Volume of 1 cubic (cm³) centimeter



unit cube



Volume of 1 cubic (cm³) centimeter



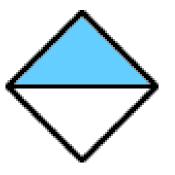
A precisely fixed quantity used to measure volume.

unit fraction

unit fraction

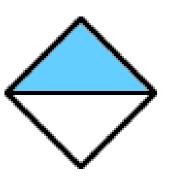
1 2

Example



unit fraction **1 2**

Example



A fraction with a numerator of 1.

unlike denominators

unlike
denominators

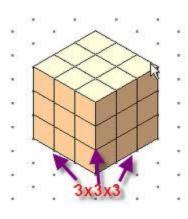
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{5}$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{5}$

Denominators that are not equal.

volume

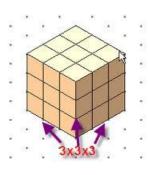
volume



Volume =

27 cubic units

volume



Volume =

27 cubic units

The number of cubic units it takes to fill a figure.

whole numbers

whole numbers



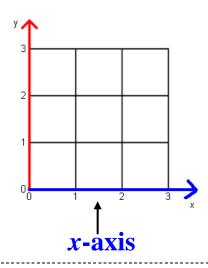
whole numbers



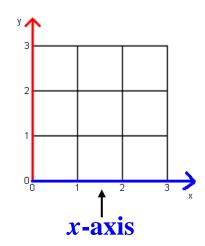
Whole numbers are zero and the counting numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and so on. If a number has a negative sign, a decimal point, or a part that's a fraction, it is not a whole number.

x-axis

x-axis



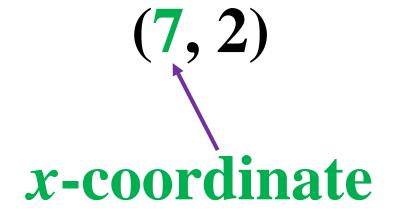
x-axis



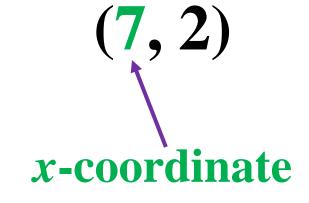
In a coordinate plane, the horizontal axis.

x-coordinate

x-coordinate



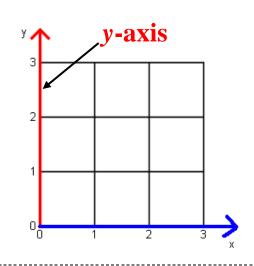
x-coordinate



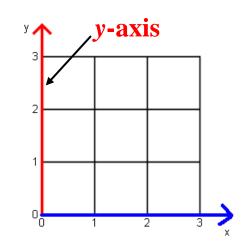
In an ordered pair, the value that is always written first.

y-axis

y-axis



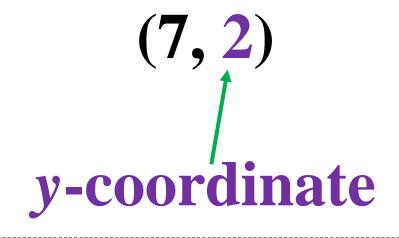
y-axis



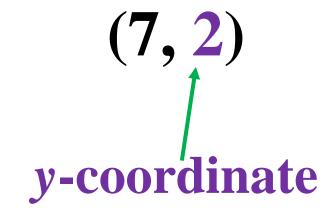
In a coordinate plane, the vertical axis.

y-coordinate

y-coordinate



y-coordinate



In an ordered pair, the value that is always written second.

